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NAME:

STUDENT # : _____

There are 6 questions of total mark 50.

[10] 1. Find the distance between the point P(1, -1, 2) and the line x = 2 + t, y = 3t, z = 1 - t.

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[6] 2. Identify and draw the surface with the equation

 $x^2 + z^2 - 2x - 2z + y + 4 = 0.$

[6] 3. Find a parametric representation for the curve $x^2 + y + z = 2$ and xy + z = 1.

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- [10] 4. Given the plane Π : 2x + 2y + z = -22 and the line ℓ : x = 1 + 2t, y = -3 + t, z = 4 + 5t.
 - [5] (a) Find a possible intersection point of the line ℓ with the plane Π .(if any)

[5] (b) Find a simplified equation of the plane through the point P(1, 1, 1)which is parallel to the line ℓ and perpendicular to the plane Π .

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[10] 5. Given the curve C with vector representation

 $C: \quad \mathbf{r}(t) = e^{-t} \sin t \,\hat{\mathbf{i}} + 2\hat{\mathbf{j}} + e^{-t} \cos t \,\hat{\mathbf{k}}$

[5] (a) Find a unit tangent vector to the curve C at the point (0, 2, 1).

[5] (b) Find the arc length of the curve C between the two points (0, 2, 1) and $(0, 2, e^{-2\pi})$.

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[8] 6. Given the vector functions $\mathbf{u} = -2t\,\mathbf{\hat{i}} + t^2\,\mathbf{\hat{j}} - t\,\mathbf{\hat{k}}$ and $\mathbf{v} = t\,\mathbf{\hat{i}} + \frac{1}{t}\,\mathbf{\hat{j}} + \mathbf{\hat{k}}$ and the real-valued function f(t) = -3t, evaluate

$$\int (f\mathbf{u}\times\mathbf{v}).$$